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ALL EUROPE DISCUSSING THE AMERICAN NOTES

German Foreign Office States Terms Are Friendlier Than Had Been Expected

GERMANY ISSUES ANOTHER WARNING

German People Look Upon the Retreat of Russians in East Prussia as a Great Victory for Their Army

(By Associated Press.)
LONDON, Feb. 13.—Berlin is celebrating the evacuation of East Prussia by the Russians, which is hailed in the German capital as another great victory for Field Marshal von Hindenburg. England is not attempting to hide her elation at the success of her army's raid on the German positions in Belgium, and all Europe is eagerly discussing the American notes to Great Britain and Germany and contemplating what the replies will be.

Great Britain has already intimated that British merchant ships have been advised to use neutral flags only in case of emergency, and no general use of such flags is anticipated. The German minister at The Hague has issued another warning to neutrals to the effect that in view of the alleged declaration of all the British ports as war ports and the use of neutral flags by British ships it would be dangerous for neutral merchantmen to visit the prescribed waters after February 15.

So far as the East Prussian situation is concerned the Russian official report indicates that the Russians, having evacuated the greater part of the German provinces, are making a stand on a new battle frontier—whether for a pitched battle or only to delay the German advance, it will take a few days to tell.

On the last occasion that Von Hindenburg drove them from East Prussia the Russians fell back to their fortified line between Niemen and the German frontier, where they defeated the Germans. On this occasion, however, they have had more time to prepare their positions and may give battle before the fortifications are reached.

The Russians already claim to have repulsed one German attack near Lyck.

Throughout Poland, where fierce fighting has occurred during the past week, the battles now consist of artillery engagements, while in the Carpathians fighting of more or less severity continues.

The Germans are making repeated attempts to attack the heights of Kozlowka, in Tschukotka Pass, which they have won and lost twice since last Sunday. They are now entrenched within 40 paces of the Russian positions and despite their heavy losses, are apparently hopeful of capturing them.

The Egyptian army has just placed to its credit a brilliant feat by annihilating a force of 300 Turks and Arabs.

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Arrested In Connection With Dynamiting Newspaper Building

(By Associated Press.)
NEW YORK, Feb. 13.—Matthew A. Schmidt, 34 years old, was arrested here tonight as a fugitive from justice on an indictment found in Los Angeles in October, 1910, charging him with having been implicated in dynamiting the Los Angeles Times building. The arrest was made on upper Broadway where detectives had traced him after a search of four years.

Detective William J. Burns, who accompanied the officer making the arrest, said the indictment charges that Schmidt was one of several men who went with J. B. McNamara to the works of the Giant Powder Company in California and purchased one thousand pounds of dynamite.

Schmidt was held without bail until February 24 to await extradition. When arraigned before Magistrate Meacham, 34 years old, but refused to answer the other customary questions. After the arraignment, however, the magistrate said the man had confessed to him in his chambers that he was Matthew A. Schmidt, as alleged in the Los Angeles indictment. Detective Burns stated that the arrest of Schmidt resulted from an investigation into a bomb explosion which occurred in a six-story flat house on Lexington avenue, this city, July 4, 1914, and which killed three persons, injured others and partly wrecked the building. Detectives who examined the premises became convinced that the bomb used was of the same type as that employed in the blowing up of the Los Angeles Times building. The investigators soon struck a trail which led to the arrest of Schmidt.

The three men charged with purchasing the dynamite from the Giant Powder company were J. B. McNamara, M. A. Schmidt and David Caplan.

JUDGE SHOWED JUDICIAL BIAS

Opinion of Wheeling Attorney Testifying at Congressional Inquiry.

(By Associated Press.)
PARKERSBURG, W. Va., Feb. 13.—That Federal Judge Alston G. Dayton, of northern district of West Virginia, from the bench referred to members of the United Mine Workers of America as "criminal conspirators" was the testimony of John C. Palmer, an attorney of Wheeling, tonight at the congressional inquiry into Judge Dayton's official record.

Palmer told of Judge Dayton's rulings against members of the miners' union. Several defendants in the contempt proceedings arising out of the suit of the West Virginia-Pittsburg Coal company against the miners' union went on the stand and told of incidents in Judge Dayton's court room. Palmer stated Judge Dayton, in his opinion, had showed judicial bias in the contempt cases. He declared that Judge Dayton from the bench told him he had made untrue statements.

Clyde B. Johnson, an attorney of Charleston, testified that in the spring of 1912 he heard Judge Dayton in conversation with O. C. Sweeney, at St. Marys, say that some witnesses for the Hope Natural Gas company in a case before him had not told the truth.

Another Ship Bill Introduced in House

(By Associated Press.)
WASHINGTON, Feb. 13.—Another ship bill, providing for government construction instead of purchase of vessels, was introduced today by Representative Stephens, progressive Republican, of California. Thirty merchant ships would be built under the bill, and in war times would be used as naval auxiliaries. Representative Stephens said one important effect of the measure would be to furnish employment to idle workmen at ship building centers.

Retains Steamship Line.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 13.—Retention of control of the Pacific Mail Steamship company by the Southern Pacific Railroad authorized today by the interstate commerce commission in its first decision under the provisions of the Panama Canal act requiring railroads to give up competing steamship lines, except when joint ownership and operation was found by the commission to be of public advantage.

British Airships Crush to Ground

BERLIN, Feb. 13.—(by Wireless Telegraphy to London, 7 p. m.)—Repeated attempts have been made of late by British and French airmen to reach Brussels. On Thursday of this week an English aeroplane approached the Belgian capital. A German aeroplane ascended and a fierce fight ensued. The British machine suddenly crashed to the ground and its two occupants were picked up dead.

ATTEMPT TO ABOLISH WAREHOUSE SYSTEM

MOVE MADE IN HOUSE TO STRIKE OUT APPROPRIATION

CAUSES A STIR IN THE HOUSE

Members Thought it Unfair to Legislate Commissioner Out of Office.

(By Associated Press.)
COLUMBIA, Feb. 13.—Quite a stir was raised in the house this morning when Mr. Warren moved to strike out the appropriation provided for the State warehouse commission. Mr. Warren had previously introduced a bill to abolish the warehouse commission which bill was killed. He said he thought sentiment on this matter had changed and the house was ready to do away with this useless system. Mr. Liles of Orangeburg and several other members thought it unfair to legislate the warehouse commissioner John L. McLaurin out of office in such an indirect way. By a vote of 63 to 19 Mr. Warren's amendment was killed and the appropriation retained.

The house sent the appropriation bill to third reading with practically no changes.

Governor Manning said today that he would sign the referendum bill providing for a special election on September 14th on the question of State-wide prohibition. "I will sign the bill," said Governor Manning. "While I am a local optionist I do not believe in denying the people a right to vote on such questions."

Governor Manning was in a pleasant frame of mind and was happy over the results accomplished by the general assembly. He is pleased with the progress which the lawmakers have made and thought they had made good use of their time.

At a conference this morning between Governor Manning and the Steering committee of the house, the governor urged the committee to press the primary reform bill and the measures dealing with the State hospital for the insane. The Steering committee, it was agreed, would push the primary reform bill as soon as the appropriation bill is completed and sent to the senate. The primary bill has already passed the state and as soon as it passes the house, which it is believed will happen without much trouble, it will be signed by Governor Manning and become a part of the law.

Governor Manning during the day attended the economy and fertilizer meeting held at the Richland county court house by the farmers of the county.

Refuse to Transmit Correspondence

(By Associated Press.)
LUXEMBURG, Grand Duchy of Luxembourg, Feb. 13 (via London 5:55 p. m.)—The German military authorities here have refused to transmit a package containing the American consular agent's accounts because it was sealed in an envelope addressed to the state department at Washington. The package, under instructions from the commandant, was returned to the agent in a hasty manner.

WILD DOWNWARD SWING IN WHEAT

Violent Lurch in Closing Hour Takes Prices 9-1-2 Cents Under Thursday's Close

(By Associated Press.)
CHICAGO, Feb. 13.—Stop loss wheat selling today resulted in wild downward swings in price. Weakness developed at the outset, and in the final hour a violent lurch took prices 9-1-2 cents under Thursday night's close. May went to \$1.50 and July to \$1.38 7/8.

Almost complete stoppage of export demand for the time being appeared to form the main cause of the general stampede to sell.

The worst of the semi-panic was over in 15 minutes, but the market remained extremely nervous up to the closing gong. Short buying for profits helped prices in the final dealings. The close was 5 5/8-1-8 to 5-1-4 down as compared with Thursday night, May finishing at \$1.54 1-4 and July at \$1.29 7-8-1/2.

Asks for Legislation.

CHARLESTON, W. Va., Feb. 13.—Governor Hatfield today asked the legislature to make up the deficiency of \$650,000 occasioned by operations of the prohibition amendment. He recommended a privilege tax for holding lands in excess of five thousand acres and a corporation income tax.

RUSHING WORK ON THE SHIP BILL

ONLY SIX HOURS WILL BE GIVEN FOR DEBATE IN THE HOUSE

DEMOCRATS THINK MEASURE A GO

Republicans Assert Compromise Fails to Eliminate the Two Principal Objections

(By Associated Press.)

WASHINGTON, Feb. 13.—While senate Democrats marked time in the ship purchase bill fight today, house leaders completed plans for rushing the administration proposal through that body by the end of next week. Under a special rule introduced today, the house would be given only six hours to debate the compromise plan which will be laid before a house Democratic caucus Monday night for approval. No amendments other than those provided for in the rule would be possible.

In the senate the Norris cloture rule was still under debate. Senator Burton occupied the floor virtually the entire session, his discussion ranging from criticism of alleged executive interferences with legislation to the merits of various projects contained in the rivers and harbors appropriation bill.

Under Representative Padgett's proposed special rule the house could dispose of the bill at one sitting. The rule includes the completed administration compromise embracing the Weeks naval auxiliary bill, the Gore shipping bill and an amendment combining the two. The caucus Monday night is expected to bind the Democratic majority to support the bill as a party measure.

Democratic leaders were confident the revised bill would pass through the house without difficulty. Senate Republicans, however, asserted the compromise failed to eliminate the two principal objections to the bill as the same objections to the pending bill. They asserted the compromise would permit the purchase of belligerent-owned ships and would allow the government to continue indefinitely in the shipping business.

While insurgent senate Democrats attended the morning cloture conference, they were outspoken in their opposition to either special or general rules to limit debate. Other Democratic senators, including Overman, Hoke Smith of Georgia, Bryan and Swanson, also opposed cloture.

In the course of his remarks today Senator Burton asked Senator Fletcher, charge of the shipping bill, why the administration was so opposed to the specific prohibition of the purchase of belligerent interned ships. "That would not be a wise or patriotic course," said Senator Fletcher, "and it would be writing into the law denunciation of principle upon which we always have looked with pride."

"That shows that you are looking for trouble," said Senator Burton, "and that you are willing to make trouble. Senators on this side owe it to the country to save it from the peril that such a bill will bring."

The first Democratic speech against the ship purchase bill in the house was made today by Representative Dies of Texas, who assailed it as socialistic and paternalistic. "I do not want to see this congress stampeded in this hour into the dead sea of socialism," he said, "and I shall not vote for it."

FINANCIAL PANICS THING OF THE PAST

RESERVE SYSTEM PLACES BANKING ON FIRMER FOUNDATION

LOWER RESERVE REQUIREMENTS

Release an Enormous Amount of Cash as Basis For Future Credit Operations

(By Associated Press.)

CHICAGO, Feb. 13.—Under the federal reserve system we shall see no more financial panics," said Charles S. Hamlin, governor of the federal reserve board, at the annual banquet of the Chicago Real Estate Board tonight.

"Although barely ten weeks have elapsed since the opening of the 12 federal reserve banks, much has been accomplished," he said.

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WILL PROTEST AGAINST SINKING OF STEAMSHIPS

RUSSIANS DESTROY GREEK VESSEL SAILING UNDER AMERICAN FLAG

REPORTED SUNK FEBRUARY 8

Ship Belonged to Company of Naturalized American Greeks

(By Associated Press.)

BERLIN, Feb. 13.—Advices from Constantinople today say the Turkish government will protest against the sinking by the Russians of the steamship Washington while sailing under the American flag. The vessel is reported to have been sunk on February 8 while engaged in carrying Red Cross supplies between Constantinople and Trebizond.

Second to Be Sunk.

The Washington was owned by the Archipelago-American Steamship Company, which controls a fleet of boats named after the American States and plying between Mediterranean ports. The steamship Texas, which struck a mine and sank in the Gulf of Smyrna in May, 1912, during the Turko-Italian war, belonged to the line. The company is owned largely by naturalized American Greeks, and is chartered under the Maine laws, though no American registry has been granted it's vessels. At the time of an anti-Greek boycott directed against the ships of this company some years ago, however, the line was authorized to fly the American flag by the American consul at Smyrna because the company was largely controlled by American interests.

Jury Obtained.

PUEBLO, Col., Feb. 13.—After more than a month's delay a jury was obtained today for the trial of the so-called Laveta murder case in which eight miners are charged with the murder of three mine guards and a chauffeur in the recent coal miners' strike. The trial began January 4.

Race Discussion Settled.

GALLUP, N. M., Feb. 13.—Race discussion which began this week with a mass meeting at which a proclamation was issued ordering all negroes to leave the town, was settled by a compromise today. Following an order from Governor McDonald to Sheriff Roberts to enforce the law and protect the negroes in their legal rights, an agreement was made by which those are acceptable to the authorities will be allowed to remain in the town.

Returns From Visit To Dying Mother

(By Associated Press.)
BERLIN, Feb. 13.—(via London, 9 p. m.)—Raoul Lavidot, a French prisoner of war, returned to Germany today from a visit to his home in France where he was permitted to go by order of Emperor William to see his dying mother. The Frenchman wrote direct to the emperor his request to be allowed to visit his mother, pledging his word of honor to return by March 1. The emperor immediately granted the request and Davidot made the trip to France by way of Switzerland. After the death of his mother he returned to Germany.

Empower President To Embargo Wheat

(By Associated Press.)
WASHINGTON, Feb. 13.—A bill to empower the president to embargo wheat and wheat flour exports was introduced today by Representative Farr, of Pennsylvania. It would require the president to find the total wheat supply on hand last July 1; the quantity required for domestic purposes, that already exported, and estimated exports during the current fiscal year. If enough did not remain to meet the average per capita annual consumption based on the records of the past ten years, the president would proclaim an embargo.

Cotton For Liverpool.

WILMINGTON, N. C., Feb. 13.—The Greek steamer Ellis sailed from this port today for Liverpool with a cargo of 5,550 bales of cotton taken on here. She arrived here from Savannah with a part cargo to complete loading.

Mine Operator Killed and Robbed.

WALSBURG, Col., Feb. 13.—William Dick, a mine operator, was killed and robbed of \$10,000, which he was taking to the Oakview mine near Laveta to pay off the men today.

ASKS AID TO END STATE OF ANARCHY IN MEXICO

MRS. MC'CLELLAN DIES IN FRANCE

Widow of Maj. Gen. Geo. B. McClellan, Commander-in-Chief of Army of Potomac

(By Associated Press.)

NEW YORK, Feb. 13.—News of the death at Nice, France, of Mrs. Ellen Mary McClellan, widow of Major General George B. McClellan, was received today by her son, George B. McClellan, former mayor of New York. Pneumonia was the immediate cause of her death.

Mrs. McClellan was the daughter of the late Major General F. B. Marcy, and her marriage to the army officer who later became the commander-in-chief of the army of the Potomac took place in May, 1860. For many years after General McClellan's death in 1885 Mrs. McClellan made her home in Nice.

FOR RELIEF WORK ON NO MAN'S ISLAND

WASHINGTON, Feb. 13.—The immediate appropriation of \$10,000 for the relief work on the island of Manua, Samoa, reported devastated by storm and threatened with famine, was asked by Secretary Daniels today in letters to the senate and house naval committees. Acting Governor Woodruff reported that 2,500 people would face starvation in three weeks unless relief was sent.

Discuss Plans For Spring Speeches

(By Associated Press.)

WASHINGTON, Feb. 13.—President Wilson discussed his plans for political speeches during spring and summer at a White House conference tonight with members of the executive campaign committee of the national Democratic committee which outlined during the day its preparations for the 1916 campaign.

The question of Mr. Wilson's own candidacy, it was said tonight, was not discussed, although it was agreed that much of the material for the campaign would be based on his record.

Clash Between Soldier and Police.

PANAMA, Feb. 13.—(Midnight)—A fight between soldiers and native policemen tonight resulted, according to first reports, in the death of five policemen and three soldiers and the wounding of many of the combatants. A carnival is in progress and many soldiers were on leave to attend the festivities.

Restriction on the Production of Beer

(By Associated Press.)

AMSTERDAM, via London, Feb. 13. (9:20 p. m.)—Proscriptions have been imposed on the production of beer in Germany to become effective February 15, according to the Lokal Anzeiger. From that date until March 1, it is stated, the breweries are forbidden to use more than 50 per cent. of their usual quantity of malt and after March 1 they must not exceed 40 per cent.

General Villa's Forces Capture Second Largest City In Mexico

(By Associated Press.)

EL PASO, Tex., Feb. 13.—Guadalajara, second largest city in Mexico, fell today into the hands of the Villa troops, according to a telegram received tonight by the Associated Press. General Villa describes his victory as complete.

The Villa victory today over the Carranza troops of General Diezgu followed previous Carranza advances that the first attack on Guadalajara has been repulsed. Guadalajara is the key to the west coast district and an important center.

Villa also told of the execution at Guadalajara by the Carranza troops of several priests.

Villa's telegram, which was dated Guadalajara, said: "Despite the bravado and insolence of the enemy they have not been courageous enough to await our forces. They now continue to flee everywhere. Every day they are losing partisans who come to our files."

"We entered Guadalajara today and immediately after continued to pursue the enemy. It seems that the main Carranza group has left in the direction of Namsanillo."

"General Medina entered Guadalajara followed by a hundred of his men."

Spanish Government Makes Application to Powers in Order to Obtain Joint Action

NO WORD RECEIVED IN WASHINGTON

Officials Decline to Speculate on Probable Course of American Government Until Nature of Spain's Suggestions Are Known

(By Associated Press.)

LONDON, Feb. 13.—(7:10 p. m.)—The Spanish government has made application to the powers in order to obtain joint action to end what is termed to be a state of anarchy in Mexico, according to a dispatch from Madrid to the Exchange Telegraph Company.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 13.—The United States government has received no application from Spain for joint action with other nations in the Mexican situation. Secretary Bryan said tonight, nor has any intimation reached the state department that such a step was contemplated.

At the Spanish embassy it was said no word had been received from Madrid as to the decision of the cabinet, but that a full report of the expulsion from Mexico of Jose Caro, the Spanish minister on which it is presumed have Spain's reported action is based, had been sent by Mr. Caro through the embassy here to the Spanish foreign office.

The peculiar status of all diplomatic representatives in a country wherein no government is recognized, many officials believed probably would override the technical point that the Spanish minister could enjoy no diplomatic immunities because he had not presented his credentials. It was suggested that Mr. Caro's appointment by the Spanish government would in the circumstances constitute sufficient proof of his official status for any de facto government and should inspire the same respect as that usually given diplomatic representatives.

The Spanish government may have addressed a note to all the powers reciting Caro's experience with the Carranza government, officials here believe, but until the nature of Spain's suggestions are known they declined to speculate on the probable course of the American government.

That conditions in Mexico gradually have been growing worse is admitted at the state department. There has been a disposition to regard the expulsion of the Spanish minister as a personal matter between General Carranza and Mr. Caro, but whether or not this was a fixed policy of the Washington government was a matter of conjecture.

The Constitutional agency here made public tonight the following dispatch:

(CONTINUED ON PAGE SIX.)

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